

Trial Examination 2022

Question and Response Booklet

QCE Physics Units 1&2

Paper 1

Student's Name:		
Teacher's Name:		

Time allowed

- Perusal time 10 minutes
- Working time 90 minutes

General instructions

- Answer all questions in this question and response booklet.
- QCAA-approved calculator permitted.
- Formula and data booklet provided.
- Planning paper will not be marked.

Section 1 (20 marks)

• 20 multiple choice questions

Section 2 (25 marks)

• 7 short response questions

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SECTION 1

Instructions

- Choose the best answer for Questions 1–20.
- This section has 20 questions and is worth 20 marks.
- Use a 2B pencil to fill in the A, B, C or D answer bubble completely.
- If you change your mind or make a mistake, use an eraser to remove your response and fill in the new answer bubble completely.

	A	В	С	D
Example:				

	A	В	С	D
1.	0	\bigcirc	0	\bigcirc
2.		\bigcirc		\bigcirc
3.		\bigcirc		\bigcirc
4.		\bigcirc		\bigcirc
5.	0	\bigcirc		\bigcirc
6.	0	\bigcirc		\bigcirc
7.		\bigcirc		\bigcirc
8.		\bigcirc		\bigcirc
9.		\bigcirc		\bigcirc
10.		\bigcirc		\bigcirc
11.	0	\bigcirc	\circ	\bigcirc
12.		\bigcirc		\bigcirc
13.		\bigcirc		\bigcirc
14.		\bigcirc		\bigcirc
15.	0	\bigcirc		\bigcirc
16.	0	\bigcirc	\circ	\bigcirc
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18.		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	
19.	0	\bigcirc		\bigcirc
20.		\bigcirc		\bigcirc

SECTION 2

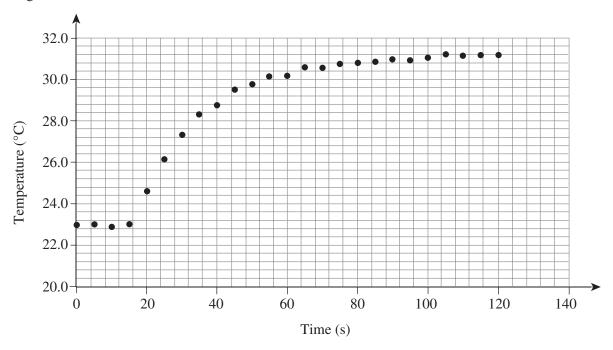
Instructions

- Write using black or blue pen.
- If you need more space for a response, use the additional pages at the back of this booklet.
 - On the additional pages, write the question number you are responding to.
 - Cancel any incorrect response by ruling a single diagonal line through your work.
 - Write the page number of your alternative/additional response, i.e. See page ...
 - If you do not do this, your original response will be marked.
- This section has seven questions and is worth 25 marks.

QUESTION 21 (2 marks)
Radium-223 is a radioactive isotope that is used to kill cancer cells in a patient's bones. Radium has similar chemical properties to calcium, which means that, when radium-223 is ingested, the body transports it to the bones where it emits alpha radiation. Radium-223 decays with a half-life of 11.4 days.
If a hospital has 115 grams of radium-223, determine the mass of radium-223 that will remain after 68.4 days. Show all working.
Mass = g (to 1 decimal place)
QUESTION 22 (2 marks)
Write a balanced transmutation equation for the alpha decay of radium-223 using isotopic notation.
QUESTION 23 (2 marks)
Describe what happens to the kinetic energy of particles and heat flow of two objects in thermal contact when they reach thermal equilibrium.

QUESTION 24 (4 marks)

421~g of water was weighed out and poured into a calorimeter. A 233~g cylinder of metal was heated to 100° C and then dropped into the calorimeter. The graph shows how the temperature of the water changed over time.



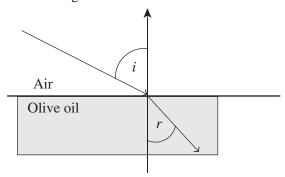
Determine the specific heat capacity of the metal cylinder.	
	_

Specific heat capacity =

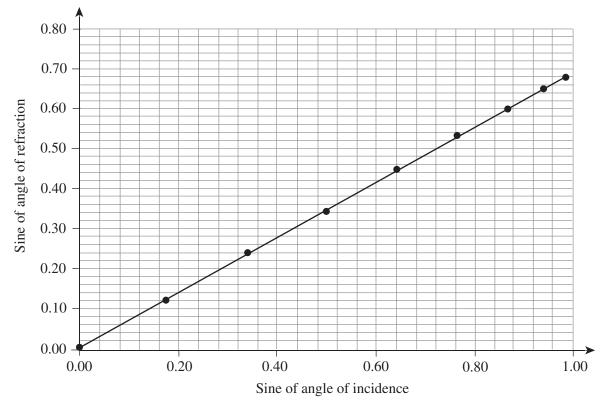
 $J kg K^{-1}$ (to the nearest whole number)

QUESTION 25 (4 marks)

An experiment was conducted to investigate the refraction of light when it passes from air into olive oil. The experiment set up is shown in the diagram.



The graph shows the relationship between the sine of the angle of incidence and the sine of the angle of reflection.



Use the gradient of the graph to calculate the refractive index of the olive oil.

Refractive index = _____ (to 2 decimal places)

OUESTION 26	(6 marks)
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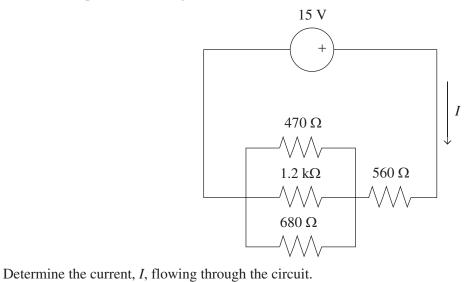
An 800 kg rocket is launched from the surface of the moon with a thrust force of 5370 N. The acceleration due to gravity on the moon is 1.63 m s^{-2} . Assume air resistance is negligible.

Determine the height of the rocket when its velocity is 75 m s^{-2} and draw a free body diagram of the rocket in the space below.

Height =	m (to the nearest whole number)	

QUESTION 27 (5 marks)

A circuit is depicted in the diagram.



Current = _____ mA (to the nearest whole number)

END OF PAPER

ADDITIONAL PAGE FOR STUDENT RESPONSES	
Write the question number you are responding to.	

ADDITIONAL PAGE FOR STUDENT RESPONSES	
Write the question number you are responding to.	

ADDITIONAL PAGE FOR STUDENT RESPONSES	
Write the question number you are responding to.	



Trial Examination 2022

Formula and Data Booklet

QCE Physics Units 1&2

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FORMULAS

Processing of data
Percentage uncertainty (%) = $\frac{\text{absolute uncertainty}}{\text{measurement}} \times 100$
Percentage error (%) = $\frac{\text{measured value} - \text{true value}}{\text{true value}} \times 100$

Heating processes	
$T_{\rm K} = T_{\rm C} + 273$	Q = mL
$Q = mc\Delta T$	$\Delta U = Q + W$
$\eta = \frac{\text{energy output}}{\text{energy input}} \times \frac{100}{1} \%$	

Ionising radiation and nuclear reactions	
$N = N_0 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n$	$\Delta E = \Delta m c^2$

Electrical circuits	
$I = \frac{q}{t}$	$P = I^2 R$
$V = \frac{W}{q}$	$V_t = V_1 + V_2 + \dots V_n$
$P = \frac{W}{t}$	$R_t = R_1 + R_2 + \dots R_n$
$R = \frac{V}{I}$	$I_t = I_1 + I_2 + \dots I_n$
P = VI	$\frac{1}{R_t} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{R_n}$

Linear motion and force	
v = u + at	$W = \Delta E$
$s = ut + \frac{1}{2}at^2$	W = Fs
$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$	$E_{\mathbf{k}} = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$
$a = \frac{F_{\text{net}}}{m}$	$\Delta E_{\rm p} = mg\Delta h$
p = mv	$\sum \frac{1}{2} m v_{\text{before}}^2 = \sum \frac{1}{2} m v_{\text{after}}^2$
$\sum mv_{\text{before}} = \sum mv_{\text{after}}$	

Waves	
$v = f \lambda$	$L = (2n-1)\frac{\lambda}{4}$
$f = \frac{1}{T}$	$\frac{\sin i}{\sin r} = \frac{v_1}{v_2} = \frac{\lambda_1}{\lambda_2} = \frac{n_2}{n_1}$
$L = n\frac{\lambda}{2}$	$I \propto \frac{1}{r^2}$

Gravity and motion	
$v_y = gt + u_y$	$v = \frac{2\pi r}{T}$
$s_y = \frac{1}{2}gt^2 + u_y t$	$a_{\rm C} = \frac{v^2}{r}$
$v_y^2 = 2gs_y + u_y^2$	$F_{\text{net}} = \frac{mv^2}{r}$
$v_x = u_x$	$F = \frac{GMm}{r^2}$
$s_x = u_x t$	$g = \frac{F}{m} = \frac{GM}{r^2}$
$F_g = mg$	$\frac{T^2}{r^3} = \frac{4\pi^2}{GM}$

Electromagnetism	
$F = \frac{1}{4\pi\varepsilon_0} \frac{Qq}{r^2}$	$F = qvB\sin\theta$
$E = \frac{F}{q} = \frac{1}{4\pi\varepsilon_0} \frac{q}{r^2}$	$\phi = BA \cos \theta$
$V = \frac{\Delta U}{q}$	$emf = -\frac{n\Delta(BA_{\perp})}{\Delta t}$
$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r}$	$emf = -n\frac{\Delta\phi}{\Delta t}$
$B = \mu_0 nI$	$I_{p}V_{p} = I_{s}V_{s}$
$F = BIL \sin \theta$	$\frac{V_{\rm p}}{V_{\rm s}} = \frac{n_{\rm p}}{n_{\rm s}}$

Special relativity	
$t = \frac{t_0}{\sqrt{\left(1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}\right)}}$	$p_{v} = \frac{m_{0}v}{\sqrt{\left(1 - \frac{v^{2}}{c^{2}}\right)}}$
$L = L_0 \sqrt{\left(1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}\right)}$	$\Delta E = \Delta m c^2$

Quantum theory	
$\lambda_{\max} = \frac{b}{T}$	$\lambda = \frac{h}{p}$
E = hf	$n\lambda = 2\pi r$
$E_k = hf - W$	$mvr = \frac{nh}{2\pi}$
$\frac{1}{\lambda} = R \left(\frac{1}{n_f^2} - \frac{1}{n_i^2} \right)$	

PHYSICAL CONSTANTS AND UNIT CONVERSIONS

Heating processes	
Latent heat of fusion for water	$L_{\rm f} = 3.34 \times 10^5 \text{J kg}^{-1}$
Latent heat of vaporisation for water	$L_{\rm v} = 2.26 \times 10^6 \rm J kg^{-1}$
Specific heat capacity of ice	$c_{\rm i} = 2.05 \times 10^3 \rm J kg^{-1} K^{-1}$
Specific heat capacity of steam	$c_{\rm s} = 2.00 \times 10^3 \rm J kg^{-1} K^{-1}$
Specific heat capacity of water	$c_{\rm w} = 4.18 \times 10^3 \rm J kg^{-1} K^{-1}$

Ionising radiation and nuclear reactions	
Atomic mass unit	1 amu = 1.66×10^{-27} kg
Electron volt	$1 \text{ eV} = 1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$
Mass of an alpha particle	$m_{\alpha} = 6.6446572 \times 10^{-27} \mathrm{kg}$
Mass of an electron	$m_{\rm e} = 9.1093835 \times 10^{-31} \rm kg$
Mass of a neutron	$m_{\rm n} = 1.6749275 \times 10^{-27} \mathrm{kg}$
Mass of a proton	$m_{\rm p} = 1.6726219 \times 10^{-27} \mathrm{kg}$
Speed of light in a vacuum	$c = 3 \times 10^8 \mathrm{m s}^{-1}$

Electrical circuits	
Charge on an electron	$e = -1.60 \times 10^{-19} \mathrm{C}$

Linear motion and force	
Mean acceleration due to gravity on Earth	$g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$

Waves	
Speed of sound in air at 25°C	$v_{\rm s} = 346 \text{ m s}^{-1}$

Gravity and motion	
Gravitational constant	$G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N m}^2 \text{ kg}^{-2}$
Mass of the Earth	$m_{\rm E} = 5.97 \times 10^{24} \rm kg$

Electromagnetism	
Coulomb's constant	$\frac{1}{4\pi\varepsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2 \text{ C}^{-2}$
Magnetic constant	$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} TA^{-1} m$

Quantum theory	
Wien's displacement constant	$b = 2.898 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m K}$
Planck's constant	$h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J s}$
Rydberg's constant	$R = 1.097 \times 10^7 \mathrm{m}^{-1}$

SCIENTIFIC NOTATION

Ratio to basic unit	Prefix	Abbreviation
10^{-18}	atto	a
10^{-15}	femto	f
10^{-12}	pico	p
10 ⁻⁹	nano	n
$ \begin{array}{r} 10^{-12} \\ 10^{-9} \\ 10^{-6} \\ 10^{-3} \\ 10^{-2} \end{array} $	micro	μ
10^{-3}	milli	m
10^{-2}	centi	c
10 ⁻¹	deci	d
10	deca	da
10^2	hecto	h
10 ³	kilo	k
10 ⁶	mega	M
109	giga	G
10 ¹²	tera	Т

LIST OF ELEMENTS

Hydrogen 1 Helium 2 Lithium 3 Beryllium 4 Boron 5 Carbon 6 Nitrogen 7 Oxygen 8 Fluorine 9 Neon 10 Sodium 11 Magnesium 12 Aluminium 13 Silicon 14 Phosphorus 15 Sulfur 16	H He Li Be B C N O F Ne
Lithium 3 Beryllium 4 Boron 5 Carbon 6 Nitrogen 7 Oxygen 8 Fluorine 9 Neon 10 Sodium 11 Magnesium 12 Aluminium 13 Silicon 14 Phosphorus 15 Sulfur 16	Li Be B C N O F Ne
Beryllium 4 Boron 5 Carbon 6 Nitrogen 7 Oxygen 8 Fluorine 9 Neon 10 Sodium 11 Magnesium 12 Aluminium 13 Silicon 14 Phosphorus 15 Sulfur 16	Be B C N O F Ne
Boron 5 Carbon 6 Nitrogen 7 Oxygen 8 Fluorine 9 Neon 10 Sodium 11 Magnesium 12 Aluminium 13 Silicon 14 Phosphorus 15 Sulfur 16	B C N O F
Carbon6Nitrogen7Oxygen8Fluorine9Neon10Sodium11Magnesium12Aluminium13Silicon14Phosphorus15Sulfur16	C N O F Ne
Nitrogen7Oxygen8Fluorine9Neon10Sodium11Magnesium12Aluminium13Silicon14Phosphorus15Sulfur16	N O F Ne
Oxygen 8 Fluorine 9 Neon 10 Sodium 11 Magnesium 12 Aluminium 13 Silicon 14 Phosphorus 15 Sulfur 16	O F Ne
Fluorine 9 Neon 10 Sodium 11 Magnesium 12 Aluminium 13 Silicon 14 Phosphorus 15 Sulfur 16	F Ne
Neon10Sodium11Magnesium12Aluminium13Silicon14Phosphorus15Sulfur16	Ne
Sodium11Magnesium12Aluminium13Silicon14Phosphorus15Sulfur16	
Magnesium12Aluminium13Silicon14Phosphorus15Sulfur16	
Aluminium 13 Silicon 14 Phosphorus 15 Sulfur 16	Na
Silicon 14 Phosphorus 15 Sulfur 16	Mg
Phosphorus 15 Sulfur 16	Al
Sulfur 16	Si
	P
	S
Chlorine 17	Cl
Argon 18	Ar
Potassium 19	K
Calcium 20	Ca
Scandium 21	Sc
Titanium 22	Ti
Vanadium 23	V
Chromium 24	Cr
Manganese 25	Mn
Iron 26	Fe
Cobalt 27	Со
Nickel 28	Ni
Copper 29	Cu
Zinc 30	Zn
Gallium 31	Ga
Germanium 32	Ge
Arsenic 33	As
Selenium 34	
Bromine 35	Se

Name	Atomic no.	Symbol						
Krypton	36	Kr						
Rubidium	37	Rb						
Strontium	38	Sr						
Yttrium	39	Y						
Zirconium	40	Zr						
Niobium	41	Nb						
Molybdenum	42	Mo						
Technetium	43	Тс						
Ruthenium	44	Ru						
Rhodium	45	Rh						
Palladium	46	Pd						
Silver	47	Ag						
Cadmium	48	Cd						
Indium	49	In						
Tin	50	Sn						
Antimony	51	Sb						
Tellerium	52	Те						
Iodine	53	I						
Xenon	54	Xe						
Cesium	55	Cs						
Barium	56	Ba						
Lanthanum	57	La						
Cerium	58	Ce						
Praseodymium	59	Pr						
Neodymium	60	Nd						
Promethium	61	Pm						
Samarium	62	Sm						
Europium	63	Eu						
Gadolinium	64	Gd						
Terbium	65	Tb						
Dysprosium	66	Dy						
Holmium	67	Но						
Erbium	68	Er						
Thulium	69	Tm						
Ytterbium	70	Yb						

LIST OF ELEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Name	Atomic no.	Symbol							
Lutetium	71	Lu							
Hafnium	72	Hf							
Tantalum	73	Та							
Tungsten	74	W							
Rhenium	75	Re							
Osmium	76	Os							
Iridium	77	Ir							
Platinum	78	Pt							
Gold	79	Au							
Mercury	80	Hg							
Thallium	81	Tl							
Lead	82	Pb							
Bismuth	83	Bi							
Polonium	84	Po							
Astatine	85	At							
Radon	86	Rn							
Francium	87	Fr							
Radium	88	Ra							
Actinium	89	Ac							
Thorium	90	Th							
Protactinium	91	Pa							
Uranium	92	U							
Neptunium	93	Np							
Plutonium	94	Pu							

Name	Atomic no.	Symbol							
Americium	95	Am							
Curium	96	Cm							
Berkelium	97	Bk							
Californium	98	Cf							
Einsteinium	99	Es							
Fermium	100	Fm							
Mendelevium	101	Md							
Nobelium	102	No							
Lawrencium	103	Lr							
Rutherfordium	104	Rf							
Dubnium	105	Db							
Seaborgium	106	Sg							
Bohrium	107	Bh							
Hassium	108	Hs							
Meitnerium	109	Mt							
Darmstadtium	110	Ds							
Roentgenium	111	Rg							
Copernicium	112	Cn							
Nihonium	113	Nh							
Flerovium	114	Fl							
Moscovium	115	Мс							
Livermorium	116	Lv							
Tennessine	117	Ts							
Oganesson	118	Og							

6		10			18			36			24		6	98		(C	118					11		71		103		_
18	He		Se	20.18		Ar	39.95		7	83.80		Xe	131.29		R	(222.0)	_	0g	(294)		ı		P.	174.97			Ļ	(262.1)
	17	6	щ	19.00	17	5	35.45	35	Br	79.90	53	_	126.90	85	At	(210.0)	117	Ls	(294)		ı	70	Λþ	173.05		102	2 S	(259.1)
	16	8	0	16.00	16	S	32.06	34	Se	78.97	52	Te	127.60	84	Po	(210.0)	116	_ ^	(293)			69	E	168.93		101	Β	(258.1)
	15	7	2	14.01	15	Д	30.97	33	As	74.92	51	Sb	121.76	83	<u>.</u>	208.98	115	Mc	(288)			89	ъ	167.26		100	Fm	(252.1)
	14	9	ပ	12.01	14	Si	28.09	32	Ge	72.63	20	Sn	118.71	82	Pp	207.2	114	Ξ	(289)			29	9	164.93		66	Es	(252.1)
	13	5	m	10.81	13	A	26.98	31	Ga	69.72	49	므	114.82	81	F	204.38	113	Z	(284)			99	Ď	162.50		98	Ç	(252.1)
							12	30	Zn	65.38	48	Cq	112.41	80	Hg	200.59	112	Cu	(282)			69	Q L	158.93		97	B	(249.1)
TS							11	29	Cn	63.55	47	Ag	107.87	79	Au	196.97	111	Rg	(272)			64	P9	157.25		96	Cm	(244.1)
ELEMEN							10	28	Z	58.69	46	Pd	106.42	78	Ŧ	195.08	110	Ds	(281)			63	E	151.96		95	Am	(241.1)
E OF THE	į	umber	symbol relative atomic mass*				6	27	Ç	58.93	45	Rh	102.91	77	<u>_</u>	192.22	109	Ĭ	(268)			62	Sm	150.36		94	Pu	(239.1)
DIC TABLE OF THE ELEMENTS	_	1 atomic number	symbol relative a				80	26	Fe	55.85	44	Ru	101.07	9/	0s	190.23	108	Hs	(265.1)		ı	61	Pm	(146.9)		93	Νp	(237.0)
PERIOD	KEY		L (1				7	25	Ξ	54.94	43	٦ _C	(98.91)	75	Re	186.21	107	Bh	(264.1)			09	Z	144.24		92	-	238.0
							9	24	ت	52.00	42	Θ	95.95	74	>	183.84	106	Sg	(263.1)			59	Pr	140.91		91	Pa	231.0
							2	23	>	50.94	41	S	92.91	73	Та	180.95			(262.1)			28	Çe	140.12		90	T L	232.0
							4	22	ï	47.87	40	Zr	91.22	72	¥	178.49	104	Rf	(261.1)		Lanthanoids	22	Га	138.91	Actinoids	88	Ac	(227.0)
							က	21	Sc	44.96	39	>	88.91	57-71	Lanthanoids		89-103	Actinoids	_		اتـ 		^ - + -				<u></u>	
	2	4	Be	9.01	12	Σ	24.31	20	Ca	40.08	38	Sr	87.62	99	Ва	137.33	88	Ba	(226.1)	_								
	T 10:	က	=	6.94	1	Na	22.99	19	¥	39.10	37	Rb	85.47	22	Cs	132.91	87	Ŧ	(223.0)									

Groups are numbered according to IUPAC convention 1–18. *Values in brackets are for the isotope with the longest half-life.