## Sample Two /SLA

## Section 1, Part A-- Listening and Responding in English

## Text 1 上大学:

丽莎:约翰,明天晚上在学校的大礼堂有一个大学专业介绍会,你去吗?

约翰:谢谢丽莎。都介绍哪些专业呢?

丽莎:主要介绍法律、医学、环保和设计专业。我想听环保专业和设计专业的介绍。你呢,

约翰?

约翰:我对生物医学有些兴趣。你为什么喜欢环保专业? 丽莎:我觉得环保专业比较有发展前途,将来好找工作。

约翰:那我们明天几点去?

丽莎:我明天晚上六点半到你家,咱们一块儿去吧。

约翰:好的。明天晚上见。

## Question 1:

a. Where will the information night be held and what information will be provided? 5

The information night will be held in the assembly hall and information on law, medicine, environmental protection and design will be provided.

b. What major is Lisa interested in and why? 3

<u>Lisa is interested in environmental protection and design because they have great future prospects/development opportunities and it will be easier to find a job.</u>

c. What is their arrangement for tomorrow night? 2
Lisa will go to John's house at 6.30 pm and then they will go to school together.

#### Part B-Listening and responding in Chinese

#### Text 2 去植物园野餐

小李:小王,咱们明天去植物园野餐,需要准备些什么?

小王:小李,我想咱们准备一些火腿肠、面包、水果和矿泉水。

小李:好的。我来准备火腿肠和面包吧,你准备水果和矿泉水。还有什么别的吗?

小王:我们是不是还要带上几把折叠椅和两条毯子,可以坐下来休息。

小李:好主意。我家有折叠椅和毯子。需要带垃圾袋吗?

小王:需要。我带垃圾袋吧。我再去买点儿啤酒和红酒吧。

小李:小王,公共场合是不能喝酒的。

小王:对呀。对不起,我把这事儿给忘了。

# Question 2:

a. Where are they going tomorrow, and what does Xiao Li need to prepare? 他们明天去哪儿?小李将准备什么? 7 marks 他们明天去植物园野餐。小李将准备火腿肠、面包、水果和矿泉水,还有折叠椅和毯子。

b. What will Xiao Wang prepare, and what did he plan to buy? 小王将准备什么?他本来想买什么? 2 marks 小王准备垃圾袋。他原来想买点儿啤酒和红酒。

c. Why didn't Xiao Li let Xiao Wang make the purchase? 为什么小李不让小王买? 1 marks 因为公共场合是不能喝酒的。

## Section 2 Part A--- Reading, listening and responding in English

## Text 3 A

# 星巴克

星巴克在中国是时尚的字眼,是一种文化。星巴克把典型的美式文化逐步分解成可以体验的元素:视觉的温馨,听觉的享受,嗅觉的咖啡香味等。它的产品不单是咖啡,咖啡只是一种载体。而正是通过咖啡这种层次的消费,文化的沟通需要的就是咖啡店所营造的环境能够感染顾客,并形成很好的互动体验。

有网友表示,她平时在公司里工作时间特别长,有时候身体累了就会和同事一起买咖啡回来,可以提提神,平时中午休息时间短,她也会在星巴克里点一杯咖啡,在那里坐着刷刷手机,很舒服,而且她还说平时冬天下了班就可以去星巴克买一杯热咖啡暖暖身子。

要是仔细观察会发现,很多学生都会在这里复习或者写作业,毕竟这个地方比较安静,很适合学生和自己的朋友在这里考前复习,还能彼此小声的交流一下学习方面的知识。一些商人也去那里谈生意。

## Part A, Text 3 B

小琪:晓军,听说你经常去星巴克。现在星巴克在中国发展得怎么样?

晓军:小琪,目前,星巴克已经在中国内地 200 个城市开设了超过 4,800 家门店,拥有 58,000 多名星巴克伙伴。

小琪:为什么现在很多中国人喜欢喝咖啡了?

晓军:现在很多人都喜欢咖啡的浓郁,而且咖啡也比较提神,对于那些加班熬夜的人来说,是 非常有效的。

小琪:那你去星巴克只是为了喝咖啡吗?

晓军:不单单是喝咖啡。星巴克的装修风格也有一种浪漫的感觉,有些情侣约会也会在这里, 点饮品和甜点,坐在这里小声呢喃,可以交流一些生活中的乐趣,可以增加彼此的感情。 这里也很适合做自己感觉很舒服的事情,有时候心情烦了还能在这里坐一会,心情愉悦。

小琪:看来我得去一次了。 晓军:你肯定会喜欢的。

#### Question 3:

a. 星巴克在中国的规模有多大? 3 marks

According to the listening text (Text 3B), how is Starbucks doing in China?

There are over 4,800 Starbucks shops in 200 cities in Mainland China, as well as 58,000 partnerships.

b. 中国人为什么喜欢喝咖啡了? 3 marks

Why have Chinese people started drinking coffee?

Chinese people drink coffee because they like the smell/richness/potency/strength of coffee; it can also raise your spirits and id so effective for those who work night shifts and stay up late.

c. 星巴克成功的秘诀是什么? 5 marks

What is the secret to success of Starbucks?

The secret to success of Starbucks is that they divide the American coffee culture into different experiential elements, the visual warmth, relaxing sounds/enjoyable sounds, the smell of coffee. Customers experience the American culture through the environment created by drinking coffee and communicate with each other.

d. 人们在星巴克里做什么? 6 marks

What do people do when they go to Starbucks?

People relax in there after a long day at work, check their mobile messages, keep themselves warm in winter, study, chat with their friends, business men/women talk to their clients there.

e. 去星巴克有什么样的感受? 3 marks

How do people feel when they go to Starbucks?

People come here to enjoy the romantic atmosphere; lovers come here on dates to communicate the joys in their lives. Sometimes, when you are in a bad mood/annoyed/agitated, you will feel better after coming in to sit for a while.

### Part B - Reading and responding in Chinese

# 人工智能带来的利与弊

随着现代科技的发展,人工智能得到了广泛的应用,使得生产力获得了大幅度的提高,为改善人民生活水平作出了巨大贡献。

人工智能极大地节省人力资源成本;人工智能的医疗应用惠及大众,为人们提供最好的 治疗。

人工智能也拓宽了人类知识技能范围,比如,人工智能根据对大数据分析得到各种新知识、 新信息,人们对难以预测的洪水、地震等灾害预报的精确程度大大提高,使人类在自然灾害面 前变得更强大。

然而,人工智能大规模使用,将会带来大规模的失业。很多岗位有可能被机器人所取代。

2015 年, 德国一家工厂内, 一个机器人杀死了外包员工。至今日本已有近 20 人死于机器 人手下, 致残的有 8000 多人。

机器人是没有感情的,如果人工智能机器人越来越多,这个世界将没有感情,没有喜怒哀乐,到处都是冷冰冰的,没有艺术,没有精神食粮,到处都是机械化的。

#### **Question 4**

The development of artificial intelligence has drawn a lot of attention. Using information from the text, write a 200-character article for *Science* magazine about people's different views on artificial intelligence.

人工智能的发展引起了社会的极大关注。用上面文章中的信息,为《科学》杂志写一篇 200 字的文章,介绍人们对人工智能的不同看法。

# Section 3: 作文 Writing in Chinese

# Question 5

On the weekend, you and your family went to a small town in Victoria, where some Chinese people lived over 100 hundred years ago during the gold rush. Write a diary entry describing what you saw and experienced.

你们一家人周末去了维多利亚的一个淘金小镇,一百多年以前华人曾在那里淘金。现在写一篇日记记叙你的所见所闻。

#### Question 6

You are a doctor, and you will write a speech to encourage people in your community to have flu injections.

你是一个医生, 写一篇演讲稿, 鼓励社区的人们去打流感预防针。

### Question 7

You are a scientist and write an imaginative story for *Future* magazine titled: A man-made sun. 你是一个科学家,为《未来》杂志写一篇想象性的故事,题目是:人造太阳。

#### **Question 8**

Your Chinese pen pal would like to know about Australia's daylight savings. Write a letter to him/her about daylight savings in Australia.

你的中国笔友想了解一下澳洲实行夏时制的情况,你现在给他写一封信,介绍一下澳大利亚夏时制的情况。