# **MATHEMATICAL METHODS (CAS)**

Unit 4 Targeted Evaluation Task for School-assessed Coursework 4



# 2012 Item Analysis Task on Probability for Outcomes 1, 2 & 3

Recommended writing time\*: 120 minutes Total number of marks available: 60 marks

# TASK BOOK

\* The recommended writing time is a guide to the time students should take to complete this task. Teachers may wish to alter this time and can do so at their own discretion.

#### **Conditions and restrictions**

- Students are permitted to bring into the room for this task: pens, pencils, highlighters, erasers, sharpeners and rulers, bound summary booklet, approved CAS calculator.
- Students are NOT permitted to bring into the room for this task: blank sheets of paper and/or white out liquid/tape.

#### Materials supplied

• Question and answer book of 13 pages.

#### Instructions

- Print your name in the space provided on the top of the front page.
- All written responses must be in English.
- Show appropriate scales on the axes provided when sketching graphs.

Students are NOT permitted to bring mobile phones and/or any other unauthorised electronic communication devices into the room for this task.

Any question worth more than 1 mark, relevant working must be shown.

#### The information given below refers to Questions 1 and 2

When Callan plays tennis he wins his first set 65% of the time on average. If he wins the first set his chance of winning the next set is 75% but if he loses the first set his chance of winning the next set is 40%. One day Callan plays two sets of tennis.

#### **Question 1**

The probability that he wins one set only is:

- **A.** 0.14
- **B.** 0.1625
- **C.** 0.3025
- **D.** 0.65
- **E.** 0.79
- **a.** Draw up a tree diagram of the situation.

2 marks

**b.** Show that alternative **C** is the correct answer.

1 mark

**c.** Explain what error is made if alternatives **A** or **B** are chosen.

If Callan wins one set only the probability that he won the first set is:

- **A.** 0.1625
- **B.** 0.25
- **C.** 0.3025
- **D.** 0.5372
- **E.** 0.9525
- **a.** Find the correct alternative showing your working.

2 marks

**b.** What misunderstanding of conditional probability would lead to alternative **B** ? Show your working.

1 mark

**c.** What error would lead to alternative **E**?

The information given below refers to Questions 3 and 4

x	2	3	4	5
$\Pr(X = x)$	0.1	0.3	0.4	0.2

#### **Question 3**

The mean of the probability distribution shown in the table above is:

**A.** 0.25

**B.** 1.0

**C.** 1.92

**D.** 3.5

**E.** 3.7

**a.** Show that the correct answer is **E**.

1 mark

**b.** What mistake would most likely lead to alternative **D**?

1 mark

**c.** If the probabilities remained the same, what change to each of the values of *x* would lead to an increase of 2 in the mean?

1 mark

**d.** If Pr(X = 3) was decreased to 0.2 and Pr(X = 5) was increased to 0.4, what would the other probabilities have to be changed to, if the mean is to remain at 3.7?

#### 2012 MATHEMATICAL METHODS (CAS) SCHOOL-ASSESSED COURSEWORK

#### **Question 4**

The standard deviation of the distribution shown in the table is:

- **A.** 0.11
- **B.** 0.66
- **C.** 0.81
- **D.** 0.90
- **E.** 10.8
- **a.** Find the correct answer showing your working.

2 marks

#### **b.** What error would give

- **i.** Alternative C?
- **ii.** Alternative E?

1 + 1 = 2 marks

**c.** What changes would need to be made to the given probabilities to make the standard deviation larger?

A probability distribution X is generated from 8 Bernoulli trials and Pr(X = 3) is found to be 0.2668, where X denotes the number of successes. The values of the mean and standard deviation are:

- A.  $\mu = 1.6$  and  $\sigma = 1.741$ B.  $\mu = 2.56$  and  $\sigma = 1.319$ C.  $\mu = 2.56$  and  $\sigma = 1.741$ D.  $\mu = 5.44$  and  $\sigma = 1.319$
- **E.**  $\mu = 5.44$  and  $\sigma = 1.741$
- **a.** If p = probability of success in any one trial, use the information given to set up an equation in p only.

1 mark

2 marks

- **b.** Use your graphics calculator to find the value of *p* correct to 2 decimal places.
- **c.** Hence find the correct solution to the question.

1 mark

**d.** What error would give: **i.** Alternative **C**?

ii. Alternative **E**?

1 + 1 = 2 marks

- e. If the standard deviation was to be 1.2 and the mean greater than that found in part c.
- i. Use the quadratic rule to find the value of *p* (correct to 4 decimal places).

ii. Use your graphics calculator to find the value of Pr(X = 3) that would be required in the original question (correct to 4 decimal places).

2 + 1 = 3 marks Total 9 marks

### **Question 6**

Claire, a market researcher, is surveying attitudes towards a certain product. Previous research indicates that 60% of people like the product. Claire is in the process of interviewing a sample of 20 people. The probability that at least 11 and not more than 15 people will like the product is closest to:

- **A.** 0.2447
- **B.** 0.2578
- **C.** 0.7044
- **D.** 0.9491
- **E.** 1.1937
- **a.** Find the correct alternative showing your working.

2 marks

**b.** What error would lead to alternative **E** and why can this alternative be rejected before doing any calculation?

The following information refers to Questions 7 and 8.

In a country town 500 people go to see a film each week at one of the two cinemas, Ausfilm or Boyts. In the past year it has been found that 70% of those who go to the Ausfilm cinema in any one week will go there again the following week and 40% of those who go to the Boyts cinema will go to the Ausfilm cinema the following week.

The Ausfilm cinema has been closed for a few weeks for repairs so everyone has been going to the Boyts cinema in that time. However Ausfilm has just reopened.

#### **Question 7**

The number of people going to the Ausfilm cinema in the **second** week after it has reopened will be:

- **A.** 195
- **B.** 200
- **C.** 210
- **D.** 240
- **E.** 260
- **a.** Write down the initial state matrix and the transition matrix for this situation.

1 mark

**b.** Hence find the correct alternative using your graphics calculator. Show the matrix equation you used.

2 marks

1 mark

c. What errors would lead to :i. Alternative D ?

**ii.** Alternative **C**?

In the long term, the number of people going to the Ausfilm cinema each week would be:

- **A.** 214
- **B.** 231
- **C.** 260
- **D.** 285
- **E.** 286
- **a.** Without using a graphics calculator, find the correct alternative. Describe your method for finding an answer.

3 marks

**b.** Give a reason for obtaining alternative **D**.

1 mark

**c.** If a calculator method involving matrices was used to find the answer, give another reason for obtaining alternative **D**.

*X* is a random variable with a probability density function given by:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{2} - \frac{1}{2} & 1 \le x \le 3\\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

The median of *X* is:

**A.**  $1-\sqrt{2}$  **B.**  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$  **C.**  $\sqrt{2}$  **D.** 2 **E.**  $1+\sqrt{2}$ 

**a.** Using calculus find the correct answer for this question.

2 marks

**b.** What misunderstanding of the median would lead to alternative **D**?

1 mark

**c.** Using areas explain why alternative **A** can be a correct mathematical solution to this question even though it is not correct within the context of the actual function given.

*X* is a random variable with a probability density function given by:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{4x\sin^2 x}{\pi^2}, & 0 \le x \le \pi\\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

The mean of *X* is:

A. 0.5295
B. 1.5708
C. 1.7761
D. 1.7927
E. 1.8366

**a.** Find the correct answer to this question. Describe how you obtained your answer.

2 marks

**b.** Show that alternative **A** is the standard deviation of *X*.

2 marks

c. What feature of the graph of the probability density function is at x = 1.8366. What misunderstanding of the mean may lead to alternative **E** being chosen as the correct answer?

#### 2012 MATHEMATICAL METHODS (CAS) SCHOOL-ASSESSED COURSEWORK

#### **Question 11**

Spark-O batteries have a mean life of 30 months. If the life of the batteries is normally distributed and the probability that a Spark-O battery lasts longer than 36 months is 0.05 the standard deviation of the life of the batteries is closest to:

- **A.** 1.65 months
- **B.** 3 months
- **C.** 3.65 months
- **D.** 6.32 months
- **E.** 9.87 months
- **a.** Find the correct alternative.

3 marks

**b.** What is a possible reason for alternative **B** being chosen?

1 mark

**c.** What change would have to be made to the probability of a battery lasting longer than 36 months for alternative **D** to be the correct answer?

1 mark Total 5 marks

#### **END OF TASK BOOK**