

INSTITUTE OF MATHEMATICS VICTORIA



Mathematical Methods (CAS) U34 Written Examination 1

Accreditation Period \sim 2023–2027

Name: _____

Section	Time	Time	Marks	Marks
	Recommended	Given	Allocated	Awarded
Α	35 minutes	60 minutes	40	

Instructions

- Detach the formula sheet from the centre of this book during reading time.
- Write your student number in the space provided above on this page.
- All written responses must be in English.

Students are NOT permitted access to mobile phones and/or any other unauthorised electronic devices.



Instructions

- Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
- In all questions where a numerical answer is required, an exact value must be given unless otherwise specified.
- In questions where more than one mark is available, appropriate working must be shown.
- Unless otherwise indicated, the diagrams in this book are not drawn to scale.

Question 1

a) If $y = \tan(\frac{1}{x})$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

(2+2 = 4 marks)

(2 marks)

b) Evaluate $h'(\pi)$ where $h(x) = e^{\cos(x)}$

(2 marks)



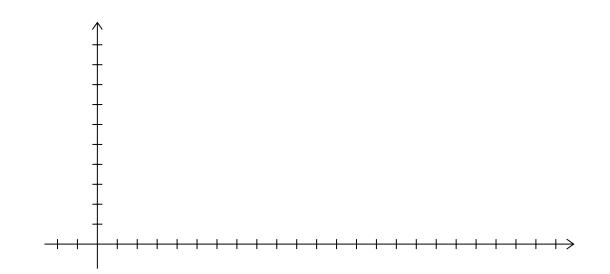
(1+1+2+2 = 6 marks)

a) State an antiderivative of $\frac{1}{2}\cos(\frac{x}{4})$

(1 mark)

It is known that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2}\cos(\frac{x}{4})$ and the graph of y touches the x axis once each period. b) Find the possible expressions for y in terms of x (1 mark)

c) Sketch the graph of $y = 2\sin(\frac{x}{4}) + \sqrt{3}$ for $x \in [0, 8\pi]$ on the axes below. (2 mark)





d) Consider $y = 2\sin(\frac{x}{4}) + \sqrt{3}$. If $y = \frac{8}{5}$ when $x = \alpha$, state the value of $\cos(\alpha)$, where $0 \le \alpha \le \frac{\pi}{2}$. (2 marks)

Question 3

(1+1+1+2+1+1 = 7 marks)

Let $f: (a, b) \to \mathbb{R}$, $f(x) = \log_e(\sin(x)) - \log_e \cos(x))$, where f(x) is defined over its maximal domain while satisfying $0 \le a < b \le 2\pi$.

a) Find the value of a and b

(1 mark)

b) Hence, find the value(s) of c such that f(c) = 0. (1 mark)



c) Find $f'(x)$, the derivative of $f(x)$	(1 mark)	
d) Find all possible value(s) of k such that $sin(x+k) = cos(x-k)$.	(2 marks)	
e) Show that $f(x + \frac{\pi}{4})$ is an odd function.	(1 mark)	



Hence, state the value of q in terms of p such that $\int_q^p f(x + \frac{\pi}{4}) dx = 0$, where 0 (1 mark)

Question 3

(1+1+2+2 = 6 marks)

(1 mark)

Consider the function $h(x) = e^x - e^{-x}$.

a) State the derivative of h(x)

b) The graph of y = h(x) and $y = a^x$ have no points of intersection. State the possible values of a, where a > 0 (1 mark)

c) Show that
$$\frac{h(x)}{h'(x)} = 1 - \frac{2}{(e^x)^2 + 1}$$

(2 marks)



d) State the axial intercepts of y = h(x) + c in terms of c, where c < -2. (2 marks)

Question 5

(1+2+2+1 = 6 marks)

Let X be a random variable with a density function of $p(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{k}{(x+1)^n} & x \ge 0\\ 0 & x < 0 \end{cases}$ and $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \setminus \{1\}$. a) Show that n cannot equal 1 (1 mark)

b) Find the value of k in terms of n, where $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+ \setminus \{1\}$

(2 marks)



c) Show that $(m+1)(2k - (2k - n + 1)(m + 1)^{n-1}) = 0$, where m represents the median of X. (2 marks)

d) Hence, find the possible value(s) of m, in terms of n and k. (1 mark)



(1+1+3 = 5 marks)

(1 mark)

Matilda is making a biased coin in her product design class, for a game in which the coin is to be flipped four times. The probability that the coin lands on heads on any individual throw is z. Let \hat{P} be the random variable that represents the proportion of throws that result in heads.

a) Find $Pr(\hat{P} = 0.5)$ in terms of z

b) Find the value of z that corresponds with the highest possible value of $\Pr(\hat{P}=0.5)$ (1 mark)



c) Find the value(s) of z such that	\hat{P} is the most likely outcome.	(3 marks)
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(1+2+1 = 4 marks)

a) By using two rectangles of equal width and the left endpoint estimate, show that the approximate area bounded by the graph of $y = x^2 - \sqrt{x}$ and the x axis is equal to $\frac{2\sqrt{2}-1}{8}$. (1 mark)

b) Find the exact area bounded by the graph of $y = x^2$ and $y = \sqrt{x}$ (2 marks)



c) Hence, if the approximate area is A_A and the exact area is A_T , find the proportion of error, $\frac{A_T - A_A}{A_T}$. (1 mark)



(2 marks)

A triangle is formed on the unit circle with vertices (0,0), $(\cos(\theta), 0)$ and $(\cos(\theta), \sin(\theta))$. $0 \le \theta \le \frac{\pi}{2}$. The area of the triangle can be determined by the expression $A = \frac{\sin(\theta)\cos(\theta)}{2}$. Find the maximum area of this triangle.

