

Student Name.....

Teacher (circle one)                      AMA    VNA

Homegroup .....



## MATHEMATICAL METHODS (CAS) UNIT 1

### EXAMINATION 1

**Thursday June 8<sup>th</sup> 2017**

Reading Time: 11.30 – 11:45pm (15 minutes)

Writing time: 11:45 – 12:45pm (1 hour)

#### Instructions to students

This exam consists of **11** questions.  
All questions should be answered in the spaces provided.  
There is a total of 52 marks available.  
A decimal approximation will not be accepted if an exact answer is required.  
Where more than one mark is allocated to a question working must be shown.  
Students **may not** bring any notes or any calculators into this exam.  
Diagrams in this exam are not to scale except where otherwise stated.

### FORMULAS

#### Function and Graphs

Distance formula  $d_{AB} = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}$

Midpoint formula  $x_M, y_M = \left( \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right)$

#### Straight line graphs

General equation  $y = mx + c$

Gradient  $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$

Equation through point  $(x_1, y_1)$  given by  $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

#### Difference/sum of squares and cubes

$$a^2 - b^2 = (a + b)(a - b)$$

$$a^3 + b^3 = (a + b)(a^2 - ab + b^2)$$

$$a^3 - b^3 = (a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)$$

#### Expansions

$$(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

$$(a + b)^3 = a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3$$

$$(a - b)^3 = a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3$$

1. Solve each of the following

(a) $5 - 2x > 7$	(b) $x^2 + 3x - 4 = 0$
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1 + 2 = 3 marks

2. (a) Solve the pair of simultaneous equations:

$$15x - 3y = -21$$

$$4x + 7y = 10$$

(b) Tickets to a Billanook Performance cost \$30 for adults and \$10 for children. It is very popular and the takings for the performances were \$11,000 from the 700 people that attended them. Find the number of children and the number of adults that attended.

2 + 3 = 5 marks

3. Expand and simplify where appropriate

(a)  $(x + 3)(x^2 - 3x + 7)$

(b)  $2x(x^4 - 3x^2 + 3) - 4x^2(x + 3)$

1 + 1 = 2 marks

4. For each of the following find the equation (or an equation) that fits the information:

(a) a straight line passing through  $(-1, 3)$  that is perpendicular to the line  $y = 3x + 4$

(b) a parabola with a turning point at  $(-3, 7)$

(c) a cubic function with a turning point at  $(-3, 0)$  and x-intercept at  $(2, 0)$

(d) The line passing through the midpoint of  $(-3, 4)$  and  $(5, -2)$  with gradient 2.

2 + 1 + 1 + 2 = 6 marks

5. For  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$   $B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  find

a) $AB$	b) $A^{-1}$
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2 x 2 = 4 marks

6. A die is rolled and a coin is tossed:

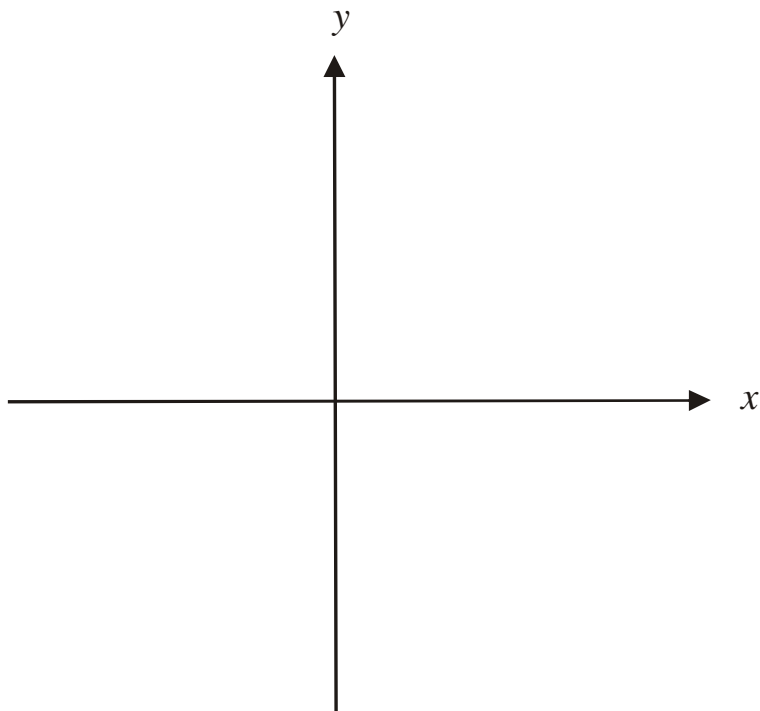
(a) Draw a tree diagram to show the situation including probabilities.

(b) Find the probability of an even number being rolled and then a head being tossed.

(c) Given that an odd number has been rolled, what is the probability of a head?

2 + 1 + 1 = 4 marks

7. (a) Sketch the function  $y = \frac{9}{(x+1)^2} - 4$ . Include any intercepts, asymptotes and any other main feature(s)



- b) What is the domain and range of this relation?
- c) The domain is restricted so that it is a one-to-one function. The restricted domain is  $(a, \infty)$ . What is the smallest possible value of  $a$ ?
- d) Find the inverse of the function with this restricted domain in the form of  $f^{-1}(x) =$

**8.(a)** Show that  $3x^2 - 6x + 7$  is the same as  $3(x - 1)^2 + 4$

**(b)** Hence state the transformations that  $y = x^2$  must undergo to become  $y = 3x^2 - 6x + 7$  by filling in the gaps:

\_\_\_\_\_ by \_\_\_\_\_ from \_\_\_\_\_ axis

Translated by \_\_\_\_\_ along \_\_\_\_\_ axis

Translated by \_\_\_\_\_ along \_\_\_\_\_ axis.

**(c)** Find the matrices  $T$  and  $A$  that complete the transformations for (b) such that  $TX + A = X'$  where  $X = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$  and  $X' = \begin{bmatrix} x' \\ y' \end{bmatrix}$

**(d)** Using the results from **(c)** (or otherwise) find the equation of  $y = \frac{1}{x}$  when it has undergone the same transformations.

2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 8 marks

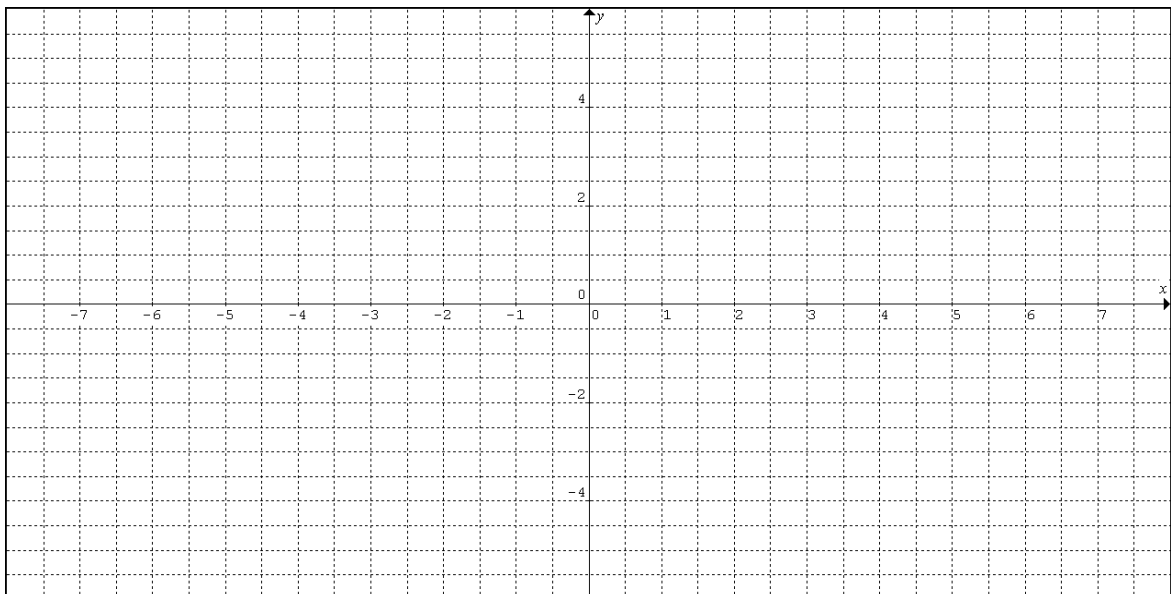
9. (a) By suitable substitution show that  $(x - 1)$  is a factor of  $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 - x - 3$

(b) Divide  $f(x)$  by  $(x - 1)$

(c) By finding the other factors of  $f(x)$  solve  $f(x) = 0$

1 + 2 + 2 = 5 marks

10. a) Sketch the graph of  $h(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{x} & , x \geq 1 \\ -2x & , x < 1 \end{cases}$



b) Change one of the equations so that  $h(x)$  is continuous

2 + 1 = 3 marks

**11.** A group of 50 students are surveyed. There are 12 who did an amazing job in house music as well as being school volleyball players. A total of 37 students play school volleyball. In the group of 50 there were 30 who didn't do house music.

**(a)** Put this information into a probability table

**(b)** Show whether playing school volleyball and being amazing in house music are independent.

2 + 1 = 3 marks

**END OF EXAMINATION 1**