



Camberwell Girls Grammar School
An Anglican School - Educating Tomorrow's Woman

STUDENT NUMBER

Figures
Words

Letter

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Student Name				
Teacher	Ms. Lobo	Ms. Kinnane	Ms. Bergamin	Mr. Naudi

MATHEMATICAL METHODS

Application Task – Part B

Wednesday 1st May 2016

Reading time: 5 min

Writing time: 55 min

Modelling Task

<i>Number of questions</i>	<i>Number of questions to be answered</i>	<i>Number of marks</i>
5	5	38

- Students are permitted to bring into the Assessment room: pens, pencils, highlighters, erasers, sharpeners, rulers, one bound reference, one approved CAS calculator or CAS software and, if desired, one scientific calculator. Calculator memory DOES NOT need to be cleared.
- Students are not permitted to bring into the Assessment room: blank sheets of paper and/or white out liquid/tape.

Materials supplied

- Question and answer book of 8 pages.
- Working space is provided throughout the book.

Instructions

- Write your name in the space provided above on this page.
- All responses must be written in English.

Students are NOT permitted to bring mobile phones and/or any other unauthorised electronic devices into the examination room. Students must not disclose the contents of the task; to do so will be a breach of VCE guidelines and will be dealt with according to VCAA regulations.

Instructions for Assessment Task

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

Unless otherwise specified an **exact** answer is required to a question.

In questions where more than one mark is available, appropriate working **must** be shown.

Unless otherwise indicated, the diagrams in this book are **not** drawn to scale.

The “Splash” roller coaster uses carriages to carry the passengers around the track. The carriages are a **cuboid shape** without a top (open cuboid) as shown in Figure 1 below.

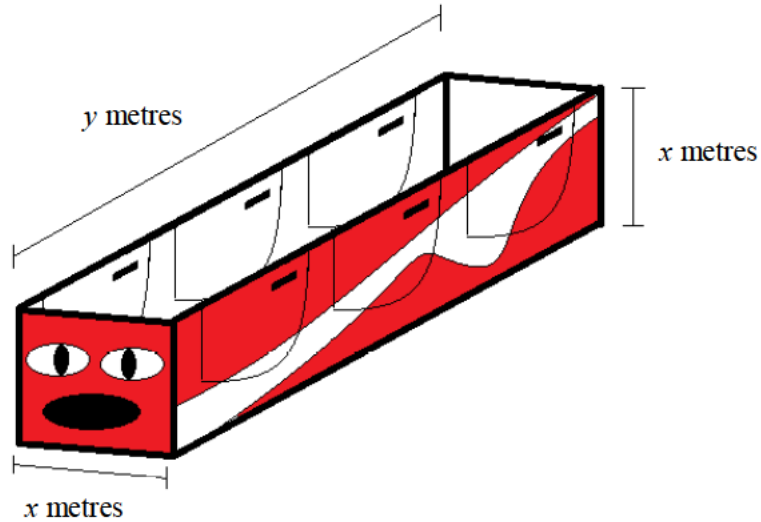


Figure 1: Roller coaster carriage

Question 1

(1+1+(1+1)+4 = 8 Marks)

a. Give the external **surface area**, $S(x)$, of the carriage in terms of x and y .

b. Give the **volume**, $V(x)$, of the carriage in terms of x and y .

c. The volume of a carriage is limited to 4.6 m^3 .

i) Give y in terms of x .

ii) Determine $S(x)$ in terms of x .

To construct the carriages at a **minimum** cost, the surface area must be kept to a minimum. Design requirements state the carriages must be at least 1.5 metres wide.

d. Determine the values of x and y which allow $S(x)$ to be a minimum, giving your answers correct to three decimal places. Hence, state whether the width requirements are met.

Question 2

(2+4+2+2 = 10 marks)

The **seats** for the carriages are made in separate sections, the **headrest** and the **backrest**, as shown in Figure 2 below.

The **backrest** is modelled by two different functions, $U(x)$ and $L(x)$.

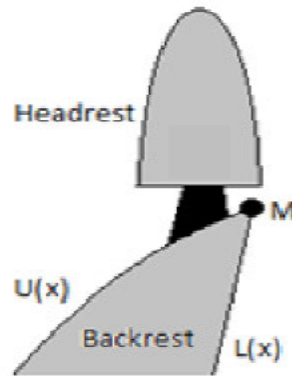


Figure 2: Seats

The **backrest** of the seats are designed using two equations. The **upper** component of the seat, $U(x)$, is modelled using the equation,

$$U(x) = 20 \log_e(x + 4), \quad x \in [0, A]$$

The **lower** component of the seat, $L(x)$, is modelled using the equation,

$$L(x) = 2^{x-1} - 16, \quad x \in [5, A]$$

The point **M** in Figure 2 is the point of intersection for the upper and lower sections of the seat.

- a.** Determine the value of **A** (the x -coordinate of **M**), correct to the nearest whole centimetre. Hence, find the height of the backrest, giving your answer correct to the nearest whole centimetre.

- b. Sketch $U(x)$ and $L(x)$ on the axes below, labelling all x -intercepts, y -intercepts and points of intersection in coordinate form.



- c. Give the equation of the tangent for $U(x)$ at the point where $x = 6$.

- d. Give the equation of the tangent for $L(x)$ at the point where $x = 6$.

Question 3**(1+3+3 = 7 marks)**

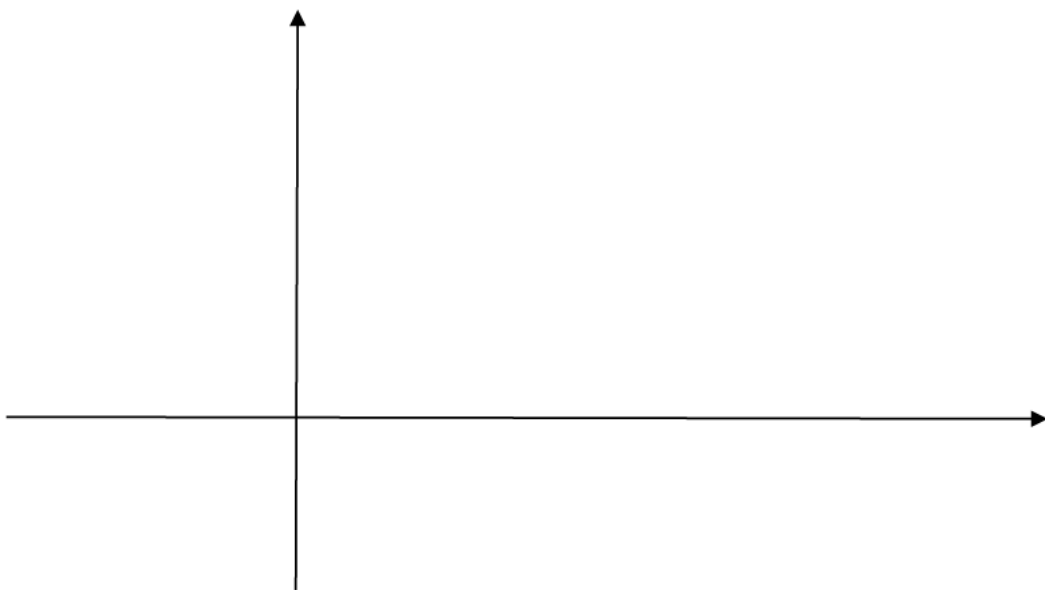
Another roller coaster, “Supreme Scream”, is under construction. The track for this ride is modelled by the function,

$$T(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 - x + 30, x \in [-3, 6]$$

- a. Show that $(x + 2)$ is a factor of $T(x)$.

- b. Fully factorise $T(x)$ using polynomial division.

- c. Sketch the graph of $T(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 - x + 30, x \in [-3, 6]$ giving all intercepts and turning points in co-ordinate form.



Question 4

(3+2+3 = 8 marks)

Support structures (braces) beneath the “Supreme Scream” track connect to the ground and are modelled on exponential functions. The original design for a brace has the equation

$$B(x) = e^{(4x-2)} + 1, x \in [2,5]$$

- a. Show that the inverse equation, $B^{-1}(x) = \frac{1}{4} \log_e(x - 1) + \frac{1}{2}$

- b. Show that $B(B^{-1}(x)) = x$

It is thought that a different design of brace may be stronger.

- c. Give a new equation, $N(x)$, after applying the following transformations to

$$B(x) = e^{(4x-2)} + 1:$$

- translate the function 2 units down,
- dilate the function by a factor of 3 from the y-axis,
- translate the function 4 units left.

Question 5

(4+1 = 5 marks)

For part of the “Supreme Scream” journey, the acceleration of the carriages is modelled on the function

$$F(t) = at^4 + bt^3 - ct^2 + dt$$

Recorded data shows that

- $F(1.3) = 12.9643$ and $F'(1.3) = 25.42$
- $F(2.1) = 53.4755$ and $F'(2.1) = 83.855$

- a.** Use the **recorded data** to find the values of a, b, c and d , giving your answers correctly to one decimal place.

- b.** Determine the **largest** possible **domain** required to make the function $F(t)$ a one-to-one function and give the corresponding **range**.

END OF PART B