2018 SAC PREP 3

John investigates a path of the form $f(x) = -5px^2(2x-3)^3, x \in \left[0, \frac{3}{2}\right]$.

a) Sketch a graph of the robot's path when p = 2.



b) Find the average rate of change between x = 0 and x = 1.

c) Sketch a graph of the derivative function f'(x) when p = 2, for a suitable domain. Turning points can be shown to three decimal places. State the domain.

d) Find the coordinates, correct to 3 decimal places, of the point on the robot's path where the gradient is the same as the average rate of change found in **part b**).

e) Find the angle θ from the positive direction of the *x*-axis to the tangent to the graph of *f* at x = 1, measured in an anti-clockwise direction.

John wants the robot's path to be smooth and has decided that he wants the angle θ from the positive direction of the *x*-axis to the tangent to the graph of *f* to always be less than 75°.

f) Use a suitable method to determine if when p = 2 this requirement is met.

f) If the condition is not met, determine a suitable value of *p* that would achieve this requirement.

During some competitions more than one robot can be active in the demonstration area. One of the other robots brushes past John's robot (tangent) when x = 1. Return to the curve when p = 2

- g) Determine the equation of the tangent at this point.
- h) An out of control robot, travelling in a straight line hits John's robot. Their paths are at right angles to each other. If they collide when x = 1, determine the equation of the other robot's path.
- i) Determine the equation of the tangent when x = a. Check your result on your CAS.