Supervision Instructions

Mathematics Methods (Unit 1-2) Task #7

30th of November 2022 – Period 4

Task consists of two papers: **Paper 1** and **Paper 2**. Students will have access to only one paper at a time.

Paper 1:

- 15 minutes
- Calculator is not allowed

After 15 minutes **Paper 1** is to be collected and **Paper 2** will be given.

Paper 2:

- 25 minutes
- Calculator is allowed

After 25 minutes **Paper 2** is to be collected.

Check that students put their names.



2022 Mathematical Methods (Unit 1-2) Task 7 Paper 1 – Calculator not allowed

Number of marks: 10 Writing time: 15 minutes

Name:

Marks:

Instructions

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

In all questions where a numerical answer is required, an exact value must be given unless otherwise specified.

In questions where more than one mark is available, appropriate working **must** be shown. Unless otherwise indicated, the diagrams in this book are **not** drawn to scale.

Question 1

2 marks

2 marks

Let
$$y = \frac{3}{2}x^2(4x + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}})$$
. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

Question 2

A particle moves in a straight line so that its displacement, *x* metres, from a fixed origin at time *t* seconds is given by $x = t^3 - t^2 - 8t + 9$. At what position is the particle temporarily at rest?

Question 3

The graph of f(x) is given. Sketch the graph of its derivative function on the same set of the axes shown below.



Question 4

3+1 marks

The point (2, 4) is a stationary point of the curve $y = ax^2 + bx$

i) Calculate the values *a* and *b*.

ii) State the nature of the stationary point by showing your work.

2 marks



2022 Mathematical Methods (Unit 1-2) Task 7 Paper 2 – Calculator allowed

Number of marks: 15 Writing time: 25 minutes

Marks – Section 1:

Section 2:

Instructions for Section 1

Answer **all** questions in pencil on the answer sheet provided for multiple-choice questions.

Choose the response that is **correct** for the question.

A correct answer scores 1, an incorrect answer scores 0.

Marks will not be deducted for incorrect answers.

No marks will be given if more than one answer is completed for any question.

Question 1

The derivative of $f(x) = x^2 - 3x$ can be found from first principles by evaluating:

A. $\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(x+h)^2 - 3xh - x^2 - 3x}{h}$ B. $\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(x+h)^2 - 3(x+h)^2 - x^2 - 3x}{h}$ C. $\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(x+h)^2 - 3(x+h) - x^2 - 3x}{h}$

D.
$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(x+h)^2 - 3(x+h) - x^2 + 3x}{h}$$

E.
$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{(x+h)^2 - 3(x+h) - x^2 + 3xh}{h}$$

Question 2

The coordinates of the point on the graph of $y = -x^2 - 2x$ at which the tangent is perpendicular to

$$y = \frac{x}{8} + 1 \text{ is:}$$

A. (3, -8)
B. (3, -15)
C. (-3, $\frac{11}{8}$)
D. (-3, $\frac{1}{8}$)
E. (-3, 3)

Name:

SECTION 1

Question 3

If $y = x^2 - 5x - 24$, the interval(s) for which $\frac{dy}{dx} > 0$ is: **A.** x < -3 **B.** -3 < x < 8 **C.** $x < \frac{5}{2}$ **D.** $x < -3 \cup x > 8$ **E.** $x > \frac{5}{2}$

Question 4

$$h(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - x^3, & x < -2 \\ 3, & x = -2 \\ x^2 + 5, & x > -2 \end{cases}$$
$$\lim_{x \to -2} h(x) \text{ is:} \\ A. -2 \\ B. 3 \\ C. 8 \\ D. 9 \end{cases}$$

E. The limit does not exist.

Question 5

The graph below is differentiable at point(s):



SECTION 2

Instructions for Section 2

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

In all questions where a numerical answer is required, an exact value must be given unless otherwise specified.

In questions where more than one mark is available, appropriate working **must** be shown. Unless otherwise indicated, the diagrams in this book are **not** drawn to scale.

Question 1

A triangular prism shaped 'Toblerone' chocolate box is to be constructed from a rectangular sheet of cardboard measuring 20 cm by 12 cm as shown below. Equal lengths of x cm are cut along the dotted lines and remaining flaps are folded up.

a. Show that the height of the triangle is $h = \sqrt{12x - 36}$



b. Find the restriction(s) on *x*. Show your work

2 marks

c. Show that the volume of the box, $V \,\mathrm{cm}^3$, is given by

 $V(x) = 2(6-x)(10\sqrt{12x-36} - (12x-36))$

d. Use calculus to find the value of x for which the volume of the box is a maximum, 2 marks correct to one decimal place.

e. Sketch the graph of V(x). Label any end points and stationary points with their 2 marks coordinates correct to one decimal place.