# MARKING GUIDE



# 2023 Mathematical Methods (Unit 1-2)

### Task 4

Paper 1 – Calculator not allowed

Number of marks: 10 Writing time: 15 minutes

Name:

Marks:

#### Instructions

Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

In all questions where a numerical answer is required, an exact value must be given unless otherwise specified.

In questions where more than one mark is available, appropriate working **must** be shown.

Unless otherwise indicated, the diagrams in this book are **not** drawn to scale.

### Question 1

1+1+1 marks

In a class of 34 students, it was found that TikTok only users were twice as many as Instagram only users. 4 students used both TikTok and Instagram while 6 students used neither of them. Let T be the set of TikTok users and let I be the set of Instagram users.

a) Calculate the number of students that use Instagram only.

the Instagram only.

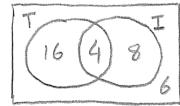
$$I + 2I + 4 = 28$$
 $3I = 24$ 

The Instagram only.

 $I + 2I + 4 = 28$ 

The Instagram only.

b) Draw a Venn diagram to illustrate this situation.



(1 mark)

c) Find  $Pr(T' \cup I)$ 

$$Pr(T'VI) = Pr(T') + Pr(I) - Pr(TNI)$$

$$= \frac{14}{34} + \frac{12}{34} - \frac{8}{34} \implies \frac{18}{34} = \boxed{9}$$
(1 mark)

### Question 2

2 marks

Given  $\Pr(A) = k$ ,  $\Pr(B) = \frac{1}{7}$  and  $\Pr(A \cup B) = \frac{5}{7}$ , determine the value of k if the events are

independent.

lent.  

$$Pr(A \cap B) = k_x \frac{1}{7} = \frac{k}{7}$$
  
 $Pr(A \cup B) = Pr(A) + Pr(B) - Pr(A \cap B)$   
 $\frac{5}{7} = k + \frac{1}{7} - \frac{k}{7} \leftarrow (1 \text{ mark for the equation})$   
 $\frac{4}{7} = \frac{6k}{7} \implies k = \frac{2}{3} (1 \text{ mark})$ 

In how many ways the letters of the word CHEESE can be arranged in a circle?

$$\frac{(6-1)!}{3!} = \frac{5!}{3!} = \frac{5 \times 4 \times 3!}{3!} = 20! \text{ (1 mark)}$$

#### **Question 4**

2 marks

If 
$$Pr(A \cap B) = \frac{1}{5}$$
 and  $Pr(B) = \frac{7}{10}$ , calculate  $Pr(A' | B)$ 

$$Pr(B) = Pr(A \cap B) + Pr(A' \cap B)$$

$$\frac{7}{10} = \frac{1}{5} + Pr(A' \cap B)$$

$$Pr(A' \cap B) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{\Pr(A'|B)}{\Pr(B)} = \frac{\Pr(A'\cap B)}{\Pr(B)}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{7}{10}}$$

$$= \frac{5}{7} \quad (1 \, mark)$$

#### **Question 5**

2 marks

A box contains 4 green and 2 red marbles. A sample of two marbles is drawn from the box, without replacement.

a) Find the probability that both marbles are green.

$$Pr(GG) = \frac{4}{6} \times \frac{3}{5} = \frac{12}{30} = \frac{2}{5}$$
 (1 mark)

b) Find the probability that the marbles are different in colour.

$$Pr(GR) + Pr(RG)$$
=  $\frac{4}{6} \times \frac{2}{5} + \frac{2}{6} \times \frac{4}{5}$ 
=  $\frac{4}{15} + \frac{4}{15}$ 
=  $\frac{8}{15}$  (1 mark)



# 2023 Mathematical Methods (Unit 1-2)

### Task 4

Paper 2 – Calculator allowed

Number of marks: 15 Writing time: 25 minutes

Name:

Marks – Section 1:

Section 2:

### **SECTION 1**

#### **Instructions for Section 1**

Answer all questions in pencil on the answer sheet provided for multiple-choice questions.

Choose the response that is **correct** for the question.

A correct answer scores 1, an incorrect answer scores 0.

Marks will **not** be deducted for incorrect answers.

No marks will be given if more than one answer is completed for any question.

#### **Question 1**

A bag contains 4 red pencils and 3 blue pencils. Three pencils are drawn without replacement. The probability that at least one pencil is red: Pr(at least one red) = 1-Pr(BBB) =  $1-\left(\frac{3}{7}\times\frac{2}{6}\times\frac{1}{5}\right)$ 

$$\mathbf{A} \qquad \frac{4}{35}$$

$$\frac{34}{35}$$

$$\mathbf{C} \qquad \frac{24}{35}$$

**D** 
$$\frac{17}{210}$$

$$\mathbf{E} \qquad \frac{21}{35}$$

### Question 2

In a soccer competition, the Australian team's chances of defeating the teams from France and Korea are 0.3 and 0.6 respectively. The probability that Australia loses both matches is:

 $0.7 \times 0.4 = 0.28$ 

= 34

### Question 3

How many 4-digit even numbers can be formed using the digits 2,3,4,5 and 6, if the repetitions are not allowed?

- A 24
- В 60
- 72
- D 120
- $\mathbf{E}$ 140

# **Question 4**

If two events A and B are mutually exclusive and  $\Pr(A \cup B) = \frac{5}{8}$  and  $\Pr(B) = \frac{1}{4}$  then  $\Pr(A \cap B')$  is equal

 $C_4 = 270725$ 

to:

- A
- В
- $\mathbf{C}$
- $\frac{2}{5}$   $\frac{3}{5}$   $\frac{3}{8}$ D
  - $\frac{7}{8}$ E

## **Question 5**

In how many ways can a hand of 4 cards be dealt from a deck of 52 cards?

- A 208
- В 1248
- $\mathbf{C}$ 54236
- $(\mathbf{D})$ 270725
- $\mathbf{E}$ 6497400

#### **Instructions for Section 2**

Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

In all questions where a numerical answer is required, an exact value must be given unless otherwise specified.

In questions where more than one mark is available, appropriate working **must** be shown.

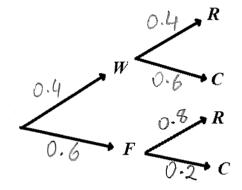
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#### Question 1

Jessica has two main hobbies; she either likes to run or play chess. If the weather is forecast as wet, there is a 60% chance that she will play chess. However, if the weather is forecast as fine, there is an 80% chance that Jessica will go for a run.

The weather bureau forecasts the chance of Sunday being wet as 0.4.

a. Complete the tree diagram below by writing the probability values on each branch. 1 mark Let W = wet, F = fine, R = run and C = chess.



**b.** Calculate the probability that Sunday is fine and Jessica plays chess.

1 mark

**c.** What is the probability that Jessica goes for a run on Sunday?

2 marks

$$Pr(R) = Pr(WR) + Pr(FR)$$
  
= 0.4 × 0.4 + 0.6 × 0.8 -> | mark  
= 0.64 -> | mark

d. Given that Jessica went for a run, what is the probability that Sunday was wet?

2 marks

$$Pr(WIR) = \frac{Pr(WNR)}{Pr(R)}$$
 (1 mark for the equation)
$$= \frac{0.4 \times 0.4}{0.64} = 0.25 \quad (1 \text{ mork})$$

### Question 2

A panel of 6 is to be selected from a group of 5 girls and 8 boys.

**a.** How many panels can be formed if there are no restrictions?

1 mark

**b.** How many panels can be formed if there are at least 4 girls on the panel?

2 marks

$$C_{4} \times C_{2} + C_{5} \times C_{7} = 148$$
(1 mark for the correct equation)
1 mark

**c.** What is the probability that the oldest person being on the panel?

1 mark

$$P_{r} = \frac{C_{5}}{^{13}C_{6}}$$

$$= \frac{792}{1716} = \frac{6}{13} \quad (1 \text{ mark})$$